

Deciphering Antitumour Response and Resistance With INtratumour Heterogeneity

STUDY DESIGN & AIM

DARWIN2 is a phase II, multi-centre, non-randomised, molecularly stratified trial for NSCLC patients to study tumour heterogeneity using genomic analysis.

This trial aims to explore whether mutational burden and neo-antigen repertoire predict for improved progression free survival with anti-PDL1 mAb immunotherapy for those patients with stage IIIB/IV NSCLC (in patients whose tumour lacks an actionable mutation).

For those patients with actionable BRAFV600 mutations, HER2 amplification and HER2 IHC 3+ or ALK/RET gene fusions this trial aims to assess the role of clonal dominance on the mechanism of action and response to vemurafenib, trastuzumab emtansine and alectinib respectively.

ENDPOINTS

Primary Endpoint:

- > To compare the efficacy of MPDL3280A (Atezolizumab), as measured by investigator-assessed progression free survival according to:
 - Intra-tumour heterogeneity as assessed using an intratumour heterogeneity score
 - Genomic instability as assessed using a weighted genome instability index (wGII)
 - III. Neo-antigen burden
 - Mutational burden
- PFS is defined as the period between the date of registration to the date of progression or death (whichever occurs first)
- Overall Survival (OS is defined as the time between the date of enrolment and the date of death due to any cause)

Secondary Endpoints:

- ORR Investigator assessed according to RECISTv1.1
- Other time to event outcomes, including time to progression, disease free survival and duration of response, disease control benefit (>6 months)
- Toxicity, including dose reductions, interruptions modifications and exposure

TISSUE AND BLOOD SAMPLES

- Biopsy of site of recurrence (consented as part of TRACERx for applicable patients; for non-TRACERx consent must first be obtained) prior to starting any treatment. Non-TRACERx patients must have two tissue/DNA samples of their disease available.
- Biopsy at progression (if patient consents)
- cfDNA plasma samples at pre-cycle 1 (baseline), post-cycles 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20, at end of treatment, and on progression for patients on Arm 1
- cfDNA plasma samples at pre-cycle 1 (baseline), post-cycles 1, 2, 4, 6, and every 3 cycles thereafter, and on progression for patients on Arms 2, 3 or 4
- CTC blood samples at pre-cycle 1 (baseline), post-cycle 2 and progression for all patients

Please refer to the DARWIN2 protocol and laboratory manual and for details.

Please note: additional samples are also required as part of the TRACERx study. Please refer to the TRACERx protocol, trial specific procedures and samples summary for details.

SUMMARY OF ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

- Multi region sequencing data of the primary tumour available. Non-TRACERx patients must have two tissue/DNA samples of their disease available
- Must be willing to have biopsy of relapsed disease prior to starting any treatment
- Arm 1: Absence of any actionable mutation
- Arm 2: Presence of BRAFV600 mutation
- Arm 3: Presence of ALK/RET gene fusion and ALK IHC+
- Arm 4: Presence of HER2 amplification and HER2 IHC 3+ only
- Absence of sensitizing EGFR mutation (see protocol for exceptions)
- ECOG performance status 0-2 for Arms 1-3, or 0-1 for Arm 4
- Measurable disease by RECIST v1.1. Patients without measurable disease may be eliqible following discussion with the CI and UCL CTC
- Anticipated life expectancy of at least three months
- Able to swallow and retain oral medication (Arms 2&3)
- Adequate organ function
- Unsuitable for radical radiotherapy
- No anti cancer therapy within 14 days prior to registration (other than MPDL3280A (Atezolizumab))
- No palliative radiotherapy within 1 week prior to registration
- No pre-existing auto immune disease (some exceptions allowed)
- No current or pre-existing interstitial lung disease
- No known hypersensitivity to any study IMP or to any of the excipients
- No known HIV, HBV, HCV or syphilis infection
- No history of other malignancy (see protocol for exceptions)
- No symptomatic brain metastases
- No severe symptomatic arrhythmias (excluding atrial fibrillation)
- No cardiac abnormalities
- No conditions that may preclude informed consent or protocol compliance
- No pregnant, lactating or actively breastfeeding females
- Patients of childbearing potential/able to father a child must be willing to use highly effective contraceptives during the trial and for one month after end of treatment
- Arm 1: No treatment with corticosteroids or other systemic immunosupressive medications 2 weeks prior to registration, or anticipated requirement for such medications during the trial (see protocol)
- Arm 2, 3 and 4: No patients taking medication known to prolong QT interval 2 weeks prior to registration
- Arm 2: Previous BRAF inhibitor therapy

Please refer to the DARWIN2 protocol for full list of inclusion/exclusion criteria

CONTACT DETAILS

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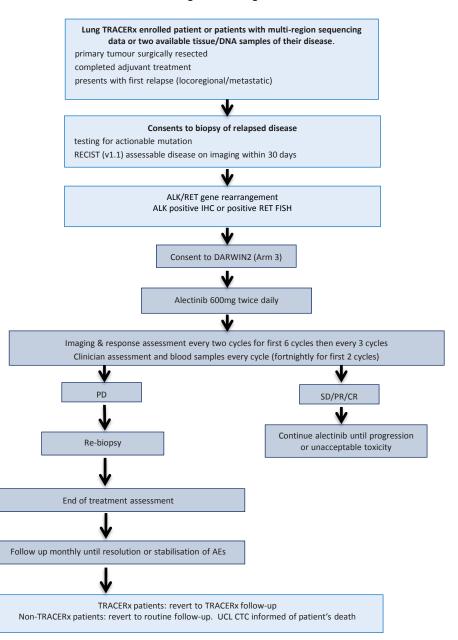


Arm 1: No actionable mutation

Lung TRACERx enrolled patient or patients with multi-region sequencing data Lung TRACERx enrolled patient or patients with multi-region sequencing data or two available tissue/DNA or two available tissue/DNA samples of their disease. samples of their disease. primary tumour surgically resected primary tumour surgically resected completed adjuvant treatment completed adjuvant treatment presents with first relapse (locoregional/metastatic) presents with first relapse (locoregional/metastatic) Consents to biopsy of relapsed disease Consents to biopsy of relapsed disease testing for actionable mutation testing for actionable mutation RECIST (v1.1) assessable disease on imaging within 30 days RECIST (v1.1) assessable disease on imaging within 30 days BRAF V600 No actionable mutation BRAF V600 mutation positive in Miseq-Lung cancer gene panel report Consent to DARWIN2 (Arm 2) Consent to DARWIN2 (Arm 1) Vemurafenib 960mg twice daily MPDL3280A (Atezolizumab) 1200mg - (every 3 weeks) for maximum of 24 cycles Imaging & response assessment every 2 cycles for 6 cycles then every 3 cycles Clinician assessment and blood samples every cycle Imaging & response assessment after cycles 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 20 and at end of treatment. Clinician assessment and blood samples every cycle PD SD/PR/CR PD SD/PR/CR Continue vemurafenib until V progression or unacceptable toxicity (Revaluate every 2 cycles for 6 cycles Re-biopsy Continue on MPDL3280A (Atezolizumab) for 16 then every 3 cycles) cycles or until progression Re-biopsy End of treatment assessment End of treatment assessment Follow up monthly (until resolution or stabilisation of AEs) Trial follow up every 3 months for up to 2 years Trial follow up monthly until stabilisation or until PD of AEs TRACERx patients: revert to TRACERx follow-up Non-TRACERx patients: revert to routine follow-up. UCL CTC informed of patient's death TRACERx patients: revert to TRACERx follow-up Non-TRACERx patients: revert to routine follow-up. UCL CTC informed of patient's death

Actionable mutation: Arm 2 - BRAFV600:

Actionable mutation: Arm 3 – ALK/RET gene rearrangement:



Actionable mutation: Arm 4 - HER2 amplification and HER2 IHC 3+:

